Council Tax Reduction Scheme for 2016/17

Evidence based equality analysis

Main aims, purpose and outcomes and how does it fit in with the wider aims of the organisation:

In April 2013 national Council Tax Benefit ceased and each council designed its own scheme, but with 10% less in funding. Pensioners are protected under national prescribed legislation and are protected from any changes. The impact of the scheme is therefore limited to 57% of claims which relate to working age customers only. Under the Council Tax Reduction provision between 2013 -2016 certain protections have been adopted for people in vulnerable groups, which are carers, families with disabled children, war pensioners, and disabled people with severe or enhanced disability premium. A discretionary scheme is administered alongside the main provision, which can be accessed by vulnerable people or those in vulnerable situations. In particular the scheme helps under 25s, nursing mothers, and terminally ill, although anyone can apply if they are on Council Tax Reduction and cannot meet their council tax payments.

These protections mean that only 28.36% of people receiving Council Tax Reduction have to pay a proportion of their council tax (unless they have been means tested against eligibility criteria (applicable amounts) and assessed as being able to afford to pay).

Lead officer: Susan Taylor

Stakeholders: Cheshire Fire and Police, billing and debt team, Citizens Advice Bureau, Dial House, social landlords, disability services, housing solutions, Cheshire, Halton and Warrington Race and Equality Centre.

Equality analysis is a valuable tool to help embed equality into everything we do

While process is important, equality analysis is essentially about outcomes

Lack of evidence of discrimination is not evidence of a lack of discrimination

It is not acceptable to say that a policy is applied uniformly to all groups and is therefore fair and equal. Applying a policy or procedure consistently may result in differential outcomes for different groups.

For each of the areas below, an assessment needs to be made on whether the policy has a positive, negative or neutral impact, and brief details of why this decision was made and notes of any mitigation should be included. Where the impact is negative, this needs to be given a high, medium or low assessment. It is important to rate the impact of the policy based on the current situation (i.e. disregarding any actions planned to be carried out in future).

High impact – a significant potential impact, risk of exposure, history of complaints, no mitigating measures in place etc.

Medium impact -some potential impact exists, some mitigating measures are in place, poor evidence

Low impact – almost no relevancy to the process, e.g. an area that is very much legislation led and where the Council has very little discretion

	Neutral	Positive	Negative
Target group / area			
Race and ethnicity (including Gypsies and Travellers; migrant workers, asylum seekers etc.)		The Council Tax Reduction discretionary fund is currently underspent and can be used to provide funds, as well as practical financial support. All customers who will be affected by the reduced cap will be visited by us and/or their landlords and support will be provided to suit individual needs.	Larger families have been badly affected by the benefit cap, which is being further reduced to £20k overall. This does not affect Council Tax Reduction but it could affect ability to pay. Benefit restrictions have affected asylum seekers, but not migrant workers and this also affects ability to pay. Reductions in the Council Tax Reduction scheme will affect any people in this group if they are in the 28.36% who are not protected.
Disability (as defined by the Equality Act - a person has a disability if they have a physical or mental impairment		People with severe or enhanced levels of disability are protected under the scheme, and receive	People with low level disability are not protected under the scheme and would be affected by

that has a substantial and long-term	awards based upon 100% of	any reductions in the level of
adverse effect on their ability to	liability. The Council Tax Reduction	awards.
carry out normal day-to-day	discretionary scheme would be	awaras.
activities)	used and these claims would be a	
	priority. Support at home to claim	
	higher rate benefits would also	
	help this group. From analysis we	
	are aware that many people with	
	low level care needs also have	
	additional benefit awards eg	
	premiums and extra disability	
	benefits, but often do not have	
	high additional expenditure. This	
	means that some can therefore	
	afford to pay extra and if they do	
	receive care through the council	
	these extra payments are taken	
	into account.	
Gender	Child Benefit and maintenance will	Council Tax Reduction provides
Gender	continue to be disregarded. This	100% awards for pensioners,
	will help to protect lone parents	disabled, carers, families with
	and families. An additional	disabled children, but only at 75%
	earnings disregard for working	for other working age people, of
	families with young children will	either gender. There are around
	continue under the new scheme	6500 people impacted in this
	provision and will encourage	
	,	group.
	people with young children to	
	work. Employment support and	
	HELP payments also benefit these	
	groups.	
	Pensioners will be protected and	
	all normal exemptions and	
	discounts will apply. Specific	
	protections for carers, families	

		,
	with disabled children, disabled	
	people, war pensioners. Council	
	Tax Reduction discretionary fund	
	will help to mitigate some losses,	
	as will additional financial advice,	
	and employment support	
	provided. Advice and support is	
	given one to one at home. This	
	can be tailored and offered by	
	different gender staff to suit the	
	needs of the individual.	
Gender reassignment	There is no way to identify this	Will have the same Council Tax
	group from data held but they will	Reduction impact as all other
	have similar access to financial	groups, affecting only a small
	advice, discretionary funds and	proportion of the 28.36%
	employment support. Advice and	affected caseload. There is no
	support is given one to one at	way to identify this group to
	home. This can be tailored and	provide mitigation, but they
	offered by different gender staff	would be entitled to the same
	to suit the needs of the individual.	support and financial provision as
		other groups.
Religion and belief	Advice and support is given one to	No specific impact in relation to
	one at home. This can be tailored	religious groups, but impact will
	and offered by different staff to	be the same as all other groups.
	suit the needs of the individual.	No way to identify applicants
	Council Tax Reduction DHP can be	through data held by religion to
	used to mitigate losses for	provide specific mitigation, but
	individuals.	the same support and financial
		provision exists for this group as
		for others.
Sexual orientation (including	Advice and support is given one to	Single people are more likely to
heterosexual, lesbian, gay,	one at home. This can be tailored	have low income levels and
bisexual)	and offered by different staff to	people living alone are more
	suit the needs of the individual.	likely to be adversely affected by

	Council Tax Reduction DHPs are available for individuals in	any reductions in funding. No way to identify this group to
	hardship.	provide specific mitigation but the same support and financial
		provision exists for this group as others.
Age (children and young people aged 0 – 24, adults aged 25 – 50, younger older people aged 51 – 75/80; older people 81+. The age categories are for illustration only as overriding consideration should be given to needs)	Pensioners will be protected and all normal exemptions and discounts will apply. Specific protections for carers, families with disabled children, disabled people, war pensioners. Additional earnings disregard for working families with children under five, specific protection for pensioners, war pensioners, and under the discretionary scheme for young people under 25 (who have less income) and nursing mothers. Protection for carers, disabled people and families with disabled children. Council Tax discounts including mental health, student and single person discount will still apply. EIS funded post to provide specific support to families. Protections have been put in for all vulnerable groups, and the Council Tax	Non protected groups will all be affected by any reductions to the Council Tax Reduction scheme equivalent to 28.36% of all customers.
	Reduction discretionary scheme is used to fund those who are not protected. Financial and	
	employment support is available for all applicants. Advice and	

	support is given one to one at	
	home. This can be tailored and	
	offered by different staff to suit	
	the needs of the individual. All	
	under 25s have been visited to	
	invite them to claim discretionary	
	awards, to engage with	
	employment mentors, and to	
	provide one to one support	
	including financial advice and	
	support.	
Rural communities	Visiting service benefits rural	Non protected groups will all be
	communities who otherwise	affected by any reductions to the
	struggle to access support.	Council Tax Reduction scheme
	Customers are considered	equivalent to 28.36% of all
	individually and specialist support	customers.
	is offered which considers where	
	they live, including provision of	
	training and associated travel	
	costs, food parcels delivered to	
	the house. Protections have been	
	put in for all vulnerable groups	
	and the Council Tax Reduction	
	discretionary scheme is used to	
	fund those who are not protected.	
	Financial and employment	
	support is available for all	
	applicants. Advice and support is	
	given one to one at home. This	
	can be tailored and offered by	
	different staff to suit the needs of	
	the individual. Some targeting	
	completed of ESA groups in	
	Neston.	

Areas of deprivation		Positive action is taken to identify customers in deprived areas, to proactively offer support and to work with partners across the area to ensure coverage across the area. Protections have been put in for all vulnerable groups, and the Council Tax Reduction discretionary scheme is used to fund those who are not protected. Financial and employment support is available for all applicants. Advice and support is given one to one at home. This can be tailored and offered by different staff to suit the needs of the individual. Some proactive support Blacon project Under 25s Grange project	Non protected groups will all be affected by any reductions to the Council Tax Reduction scheme equivalent to 28.36% of all customers. Some targeted work is done in areas of deprivation to get people into work, reduce debts and invite discretionary award claims.
Human rights	No impact upon Human Rights.	Helping Hands	
Health and wellbeing (consider both the wider determinants of health such as education, housing, employment, environment, crime and transport, as well as the possible impacts on lifestyles and the effect there may be on health and care services)		Protections have been put in for all vulnerable groups and the Council Tax Reduction discretionary scheme is used to fund those who are not protected. Financial and employment support is available for all	28.36% of recipients of the scheme pay 25% contribution towards their Council Tax.

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		applicants. Advice and support is	
		given one to one at home. This	
		can be tailored and offered by	
		different staff to suit the needs of	
		the individual.	
		The Council Tax Reduction DHP	
		scheme is available for individuals	
		in hardship.	
		Employment mentors support	
		people into work, a housing	
		specialist and debt adviser a	
		provide support and discretionary	
		funds and one to one support is	
		available for the improved	
		wellbeing of customers.	
Dragurament/partnership (if	N1/A	Ğ	NI/A
Procurement/partnership (if project due to be carried out by	N/A	N/A	N/A
contractors/partners etc, identify			
steps taken to ensure equality compliance)			
compliance)			

Evidence:

Previous equality impact assessment completed 2012 along with 'Addressing Vulnerability' document, available on request.

Action plan:

Actions required	Key activity	Priority	Outcomes required	Officer responsible	Review date
Consider reintroducing diversity monitoring	Evaluate potential benefits against additional costs of gathering data	Medium	Full understanding of impact on different customers	Susan Taylor	January 2017
Review scheme annually	Ensure scheme is operating as intended	High	No significant adverse impacts on particular	Susan Taylor	January 2017

			groups		
Sign off					
Lead officer:			Susan Taylor		
Approved by Head o	of Service:				
Moderation and/or Scrutiny					
Date:			Portfolio Equality Group	28 January 2016	
•	reviewed based on rating medium impact - review in s)	• • • •	January 2019		